

	Instructions  Complete your work each day Tick or colour each box when you complete the activity The scheduled Reading activity is extra to your Home Reading Log						
	Monday	Tuesday 🎉	Wednesday	Thursday 💮	Friday , , ,	~	
0	Reading	Reading	Reading	Reading	Reading		
<b>11</b> 0	Misery Guts: Reading Comprehension	Misery Guts: Reading Comprehension	Misery Guts: Reading Comprehension	Misery Guts: Reading Comprehension	Misery Guts: Reading Comprehension	/	
0	Vocabulary: Word Chain	Vocabulary: Word Cline	Vocabulary: Word Chain	Vocabulary: Word Cline	Vocabulary: Word Work		
$\langle \langle \rangle$	Sentences	Sentences	Sentences	Sentences	Editing		
	Grammar & Punctuation	Grammar & Punctuation	Grammar & Punctuation	Grammar & Punctuation	Numbers in the World		
	Number of the Day	Number of the Day	Number of the Day	Number of the Day	Mass		
ξ	Addition Strategies	2D Shapes	Fractions	Subtraction Strategies	\	-	
$\mathcal{L}$	Data	Subtraction Strategies	Addition Strategies	Time		<b> </b>	
K	Multiplication	Multiplication	Multiplication	Multiplication	/		
山	PBL: Tiny House	PBL: Tiny House	PBL: Tiny House				
$\langle \rangle \rangle$							
7	http://eeshaun.com		TRIVE			/	

# Monday



# **Activity 1: Reading**

Online: PM Reader online and record your reading: <a href="https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login">https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login</a>;

OR

ReadTheory if you are reading at Independent level: <a href="https://readtheory.org/auth/login">https://readtheory.org/auth/login</a>

Paper: Read a book aloud

## Activity 2: Misery Guts - Reading

Read Chapter 2 yourself or follow the words as you listen to the audio book (check the link):

Chapter 2:

https://ed.ted.com/on/zhwjlThL

## Activity 3: Misery Guts - Comprehension

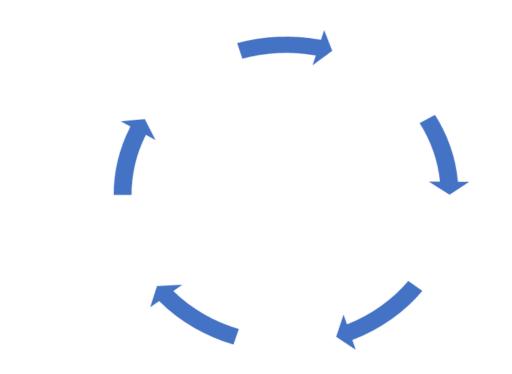
Write a summary for Chapters 1 and 2 (explain what happened in the chapter in 1 or 2 sentences):	
Chapter 1 summary:	_
	•
Chapter 2 summary:	
	•

# Activity 4: Vocabulary



#### Word Chains

Make a word chain below, describing the <u>ocean</u>. Draw the ocean in the middle of the circle and surround the ocean with interesting adjectives that describe it.



Build noun group	s by placing	relevant adjectives	in front of the noun
------------------	--------------	---------------------	----------------------

- 1. This is the \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ocean.
- 2. This is the \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ ocean.
- 3. This is the \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ocean.

# Activity 5: Sentence Writing



Today you will write your sentences about the weather:

#### Example:

Simple	It is warm outside.		
Compound	It is warm outside because the sun is out.		
Complex	It is warm outside, which makes me feel sweaty, because the sun is out.		

#### Now it's your turn:

Simple	Write a simple sentence about the weather.
	No
	Now write the same sentence again.
	• Instead of ending with a full stop, add a conjunction (a joining-word such as
Compound	<ul> <li>Instead of ending with a full stop, add a conjunction (a joining-word such as because, and, or, but or so): don't put a full stop yet.</li> </ul>
Compound	<ul> <li>Instead of ending with a full stop, add a conjunction (a joining-word such as because, and, or, but or so): don't put a full stop yet.</li> <li>Finish the sentence and check it makes sense.</li> </ul>
Compound	because, and, or, but or so): don't put a full stop yet.
Compound	<ul> <li>because, and, or, but or so): don't put a full stop yet.</li> <li>Finish the sentence and check it makes sense.</li> <li>Now, write your simple sentence again (the top sentence).</li> <li>Instead of a full stop, put a comma.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>because, and, or, but or so): don't put a full stop yet.</li> <li>Finish the sentence and check it makes sense.</li> <li>Now, write your simple sentence again (the top sentence).</li> <li>Instead of a full stop, put a comma.</li> <li>Write the word which after the comma.</li> </ul>
Compound	<ul> <li>because, and, or, but or so): don't put a full stop yet.</li> <li>Finish the sentence and check it makes sense.</li> <li>Now, write your simple sentence again (the top sentence).</li> <li>Instead of a full stop, put a comma.</li> <li>Write the word which after the comma.</li> <li>Add some extra information about your simple sentence: don't put a full stop yet.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>because, and, or, but or so): don't put a full stop yet.</li> <li>Finish the sentence and check it makes sense.</li> <li>Now, write your simple sentence again (the top sentence).</li> <li>Instead of a full stop, put a comma.</li> <li>Write the word which after the comma.</li> <li>Add some extra information about your simple sentence: don't put a full stop yet.</li> </ul>

Extension: write a new clause for your complex sentence and rewrite your whole sentence below.

# Activity 6: Grammar and Punctuation



#### Capital Letters

Example:

**Today's focus point: na	ming months	of the year	and days	s of the week
,	<u> </u>	-	-	

This year, Mr Buffon's birthday falls on a Wednesday in November.

**EDIT**: Add the capital letters to this sentence (there is a sneaky event name included). Don't forget to include a full stop –

since 2004, the super bowl has traditionally been played on the first sunday in february

Write your own sentence on the lines below (include a day of the week and a month of the year. Add any other appropriate capital letters you need to too.) –

## Activity 7: Number of the Day

Complete the Number of the Day page (see separate sheet). Today's number (choose one):

33

or

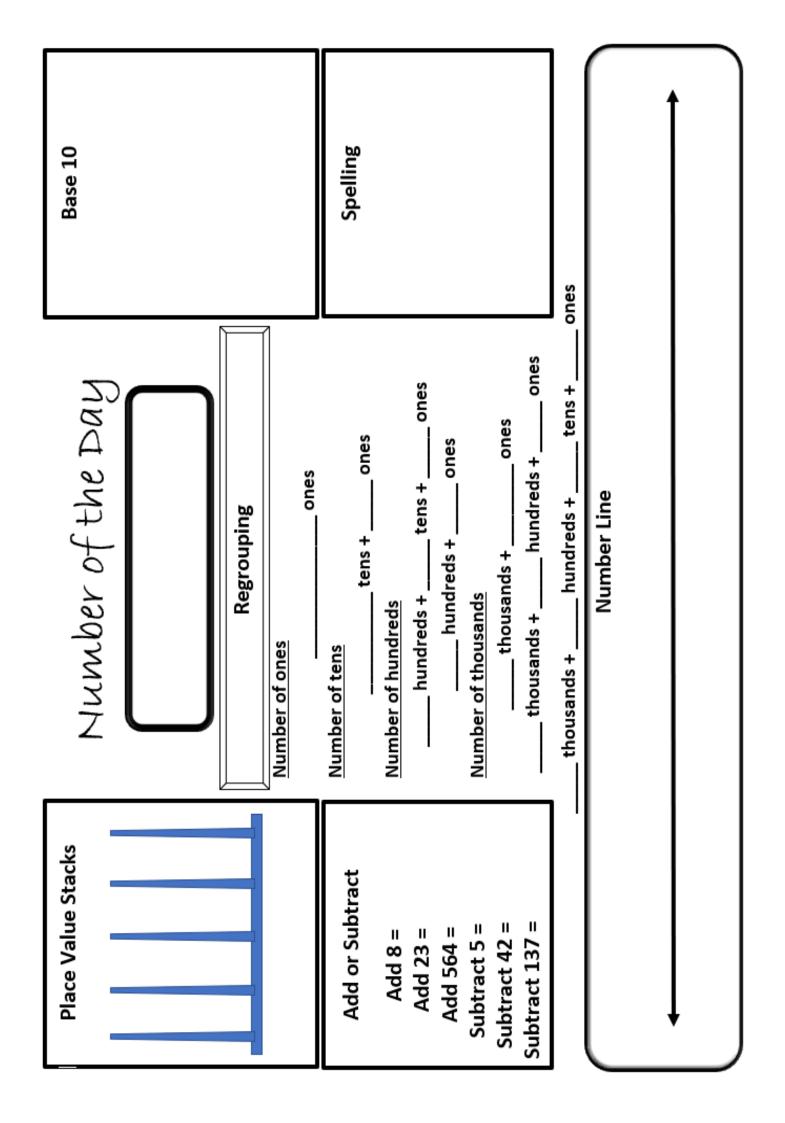
933

or

4933

or

64 933



# Activity 8: Addition Strategies



Have a go at solving the problems using the strategies OR write the steps out with Mr Walter. If you 'get it', see if you can write the steps to each strategy by yourself (without Mr Walter's help). These numbers are different to the numbers on the videos.

#### http://mrw1.weebly.com/

Bridge to 10	8 + 3	Doubles	7 + 6
	0 . 4		0 . 5
Compensation	9 + 4	Partitioning	9 + 5
Split	69 + 47	Jump	71 + 56
Compensation	15 + 49	Reconfiguring	94 + 58

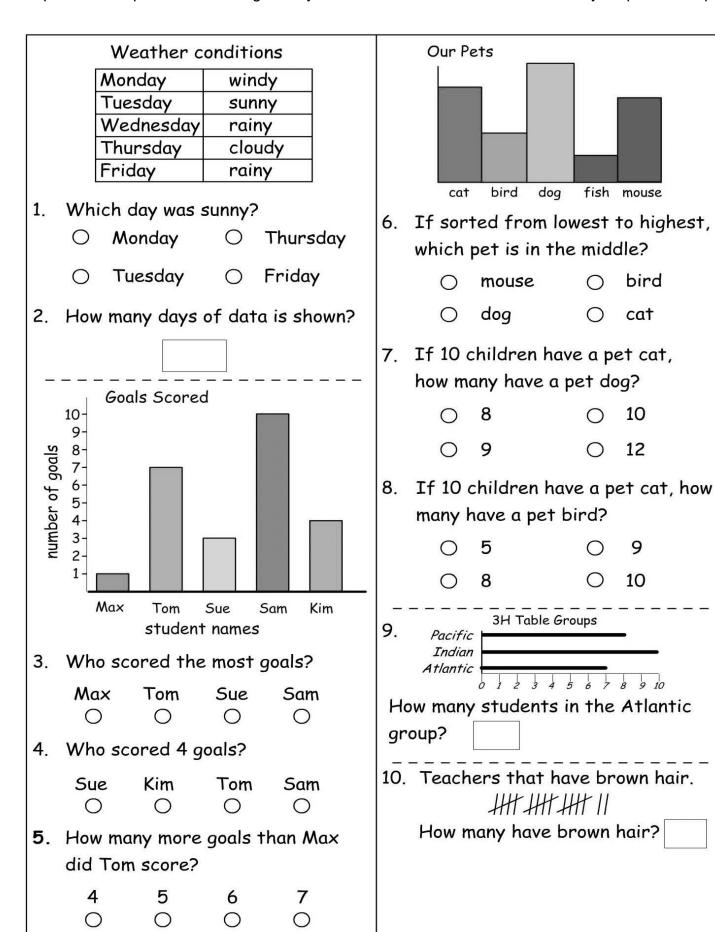
Split	613 + 517
Jump	795 + 426
Compensation	791 + 438
'	
Reconfiguring	455 + 318
0 0	
Non-standard Partitioning	892 + 722

# Activity 9: Data



Online: StudyLadder - log in and complete the Data activity in the pod

Paper: Complete the following activity. There is a colour sheet at the back of your pack to help.



# Data can be displayed using picture graphs

The table shows the number of cars in the school's car park each day for one week.

1. Use the information to display the data using a picture graph.

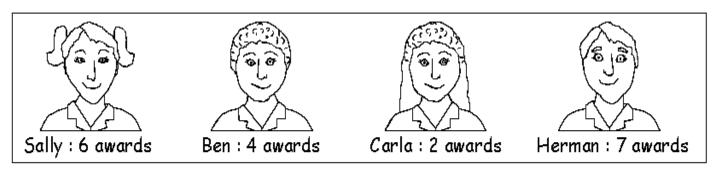
Cars Parked						
Mon	Mon Tues Wed Thurs Fri					
7 4 6 3 5						

Cars Parked in the School's Car Park

Monday	= 1 car
Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	

The number of awards each student earned is shown.

1. Use the information to display the data in a picture graph.



#### Awards Earned

Sally	= 1 award
Ben	
Carla	
Herman	Studyladder

# Tuesday



# Activity 1: Reading

Online: PM Reader online and record your reading: <a href="https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login">https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login</a>;

OR

ReadTheory if you are reading at Independent level: <a href="https://readtheory.org/auth/login">https://readtheory.org/auth/login</a>

Paper: Read a book aloud

# Activity 2: Misery Guts - Reading

Read the chapter yourself or follow the words as you listen to the audio book (check the link):

Chapter 3:

https://ed.ted.com/on/RLuL4K9d

#### Activity 3: Misery Guts - Comprehension

#### **Understanding Words**

Draw a picture to show you understand the meaning of each word. Make sure you check the meaning in the book; you may need to research the word.

1. (6. 17)			
daffodil	bulldozer	juggler	haddock
sideboard	projector	pier	slide box

# Activity 4: Vocabulary



#### Word Cline

Complete the word cline below, s more impact as you move up the	tarting with the word big, and filling in the blanks, adding words with cline.
said	

# Activity 5: Sentence Writing

Today you will write your sentences about your imaginary castle:

#### Example:

Simple	My castle is small.		
Compound	My castle is small because it only has one bedroom.		
Complex	My castle is small, which means it feels squashy, because it only has one bedroom.		

#### Now it's your turn:

Simple		
Compound		
T. T		
Complex		

Extension: write a	new clause	for your	complex	sentence	and rewri	te your	whole
sentence below.							



#### Activity 6: Grammar and Punctuation

#### Capital Letters

\*\*Today's focus point: naming months of the year and days of the week

**EDIT:** Add the capital letters to this sentence (there is a special event capital letter too). Don't forget to include a full stop –

this year, halloween - the creepiest, most ghostly event of them all - falls on the final sunday of october

Write your own sentence on the lines below (include a day of the week and a month of the year) -

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### Activity 7: Number of the Day

Complete the Number of the Day page (see separate sheet). Today's number (choose one):

22

or

822

or

3822

or

53 822

# Activity 8: 2D Shapes

Online: StudyLadder – log in and complete the 2D Shapes activity in the pod

Paper: Complete the following activity. There is a colour sheet at the back of your pack to help.

#### **Drawing Translated Shapes**

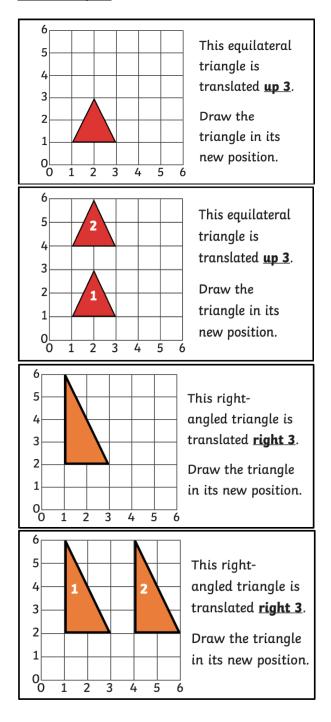
Translation refers to moving a shape into a different position without changing it in any way (slide). To translate a shape, every point of the shape must move:

- the same distance
- in the same direction



Your task: Draw the 2D shapes in their new positions after a translation along **one** axis. \*\*Notice that in both instances the 2D shape does not change in any way. Each point of the shape has been moved in the same direction to a different location.

#### For example:



This equilateral triangle needs to be translated UP 3 spaces

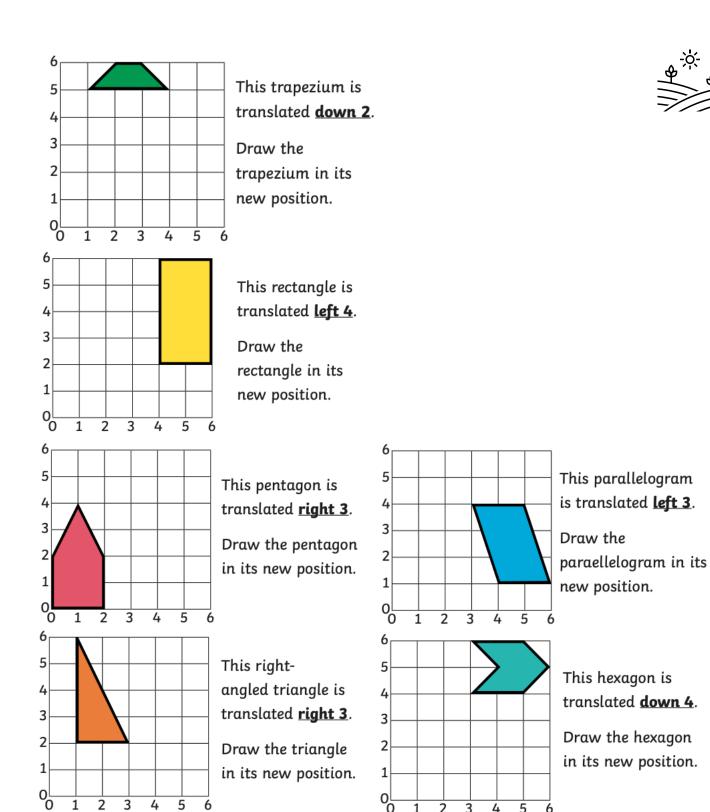
Draw the triangle in its new position

xample 2

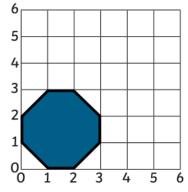
This right-angled triangle needs to be translated **RIGHT 3** spaces

Draw the triangle in its new position

**TASK:** Draw the 2D shapes in their new positions on the same grid (use a ruler):



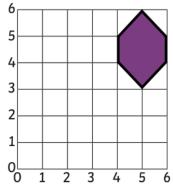
**Extension:** Draw the 2D shapes in their new positions after a translation along **both axes**:



This octagon is translated <u>right 3,</u> up 2.

<u>up Z</u>.

Draw the octagon in its new position.



This hexagon is translated <u>left</u>

4, down 3.

Draw the hexagon in its new position.

10 less 100 less	1000 less	Total number of tens Total number of thousands	tory	
Number of the Day		Expanded Notation	Number Story	
Number o		Expandec	g different operations + - x ÷)	
10 more 100 more	1000 more	Total number of ones	Number Sentences (using different operations +-x	

# Activity 9: Subtraction Strategies



Have a go at solving the problems using the strategies OR write the steps out with Mr Walter (go to the link below). Choose 1-, 2-, or 3-digit problems (or do them all!).

http://mrw1.weebly.com/

Back Through 10 17 - 8	Up Through 10 17 - 9
Fact Families 16 - 9	Think Addition 14 - 9
Think Addition (2 digit) 82 - 69	Jump (2 digit) 78 - 36
Compensation (2 digit) 82 - 29	Reconfiguring (2 digit) 78 - 41

Jump	790 - 406
	000 407
Compensation	602 - 487
Reconfiguring	997 - 641
Non-standard Partitioning	682 - 412
TVOIT-Statidard Fartitioning	00Z +1Z
Think Addition	549 - 367

# Wednesday



# **Activity 1: Reading**

PM Reader online and record your reading: <a href="https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login">https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login</a>; Online:

OR

ReadTheory if you are reading at Independent level: <a href="https://readtheory.org/auth/login">https://readtheory.org/auth/login</a>

Paper: Read a book aloud

# Activity 2: Misery Guts - Reading

Read the chapter yourself or follow the words as you listen to the audio book (check the link):

Chapter 3:

https://ed.ted.com/on/RLuL4K9d

#### <u>Cl</u>

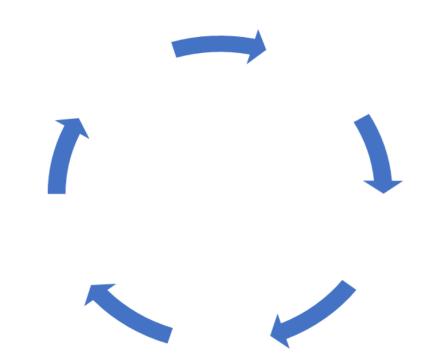
CU	ctivity 3: Misery Guts - Comprehension					
hap	o <u>ter 3</u>					
1.	Describe Dad's birthday cake.					
	Draw your 'dream' birthday cake (and label it).					
2.	What was the funny fish on the slide?					

# Activity 4: Vocabulary



#### **Word Chains**

Make a word chain below, describing a <u>tree</u>. Draw your tree in the middle of the circle and surround your tree with interesting adjectives that describe it.



Build noun groups by placing relevant adjectives in front of the noun				
. 1. This is a,	·	,	_tree.	
2. This is a,		,	_tree.	
3. This is a,		,	tree.	

# Activity 5: Sentence Writing

Today you will write your sentences about a hobby:

Example:

Simple	I enjoy playing golf.
--------	-----------------------

Compound	I enjoy playing golf because it is an outdoor activity.				
Complex	I enjoy playing golf, which is relaxing, because it is an outdoor activity.				
Now it's your	turn:				
Simple					
Compound					
Complex					
Extension: w	rite a new clause for your complex sentence and rewrite your whole sentence below.				

## Activity 6: Grammar and Punctuation

#### **Commas**

A comma is used for different reasons; in lists and to separate clauses in a sentence.

\*\*Today's focus point: using commas to <u>separate items in a list.</u> Use the word 'and' to separate the last two items in the list instead of using a comma.

Example:

The Stage 2 teachers for 2021 are Mrs Lenton, Mrs Horton, Mrs Walker, Miss Phillips and Mr Buffon.

**EDIT:** Add the commas to the sentence below. Don't forget to include capital letters and full stops where necessary –

i went to the supermarket to buy eggs milk bread coffee beans and orange juice

Write your own sentence on the lines below. Remember: use the word 'and' to separate the last two items in your list (and use appropriate capital letters and full stops) –

#### Activity 7: Number of the Day



Complete the Number of the Day page (see separate sheet). Today's number (choose one):

75 or 575 or 8575 or 18 575

# **Activity 8: Fractions**

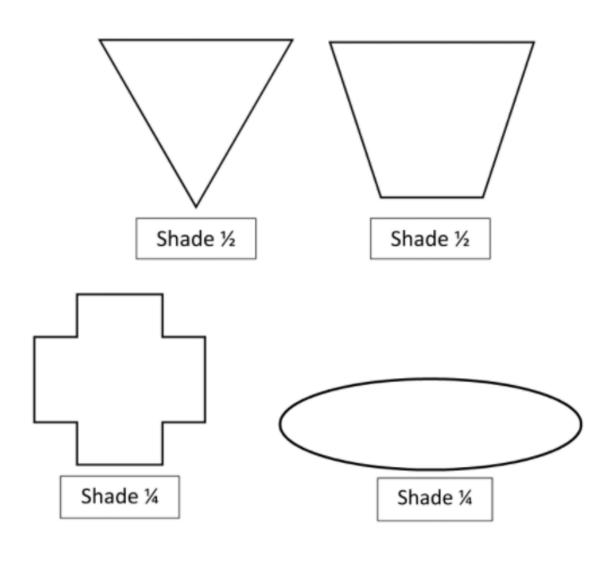
Online: StudyLadder – log in and complete the Fractions activity in the pod

Paper: Complete the following activity. There is a colour sheet at the back of your pack to help.

#### Think Board

Complete the think board using a fraction of your choice (different from last week).

Next: Parts of a whole - Shade the area of each shape below (use a ruler to show lines of symmetry).

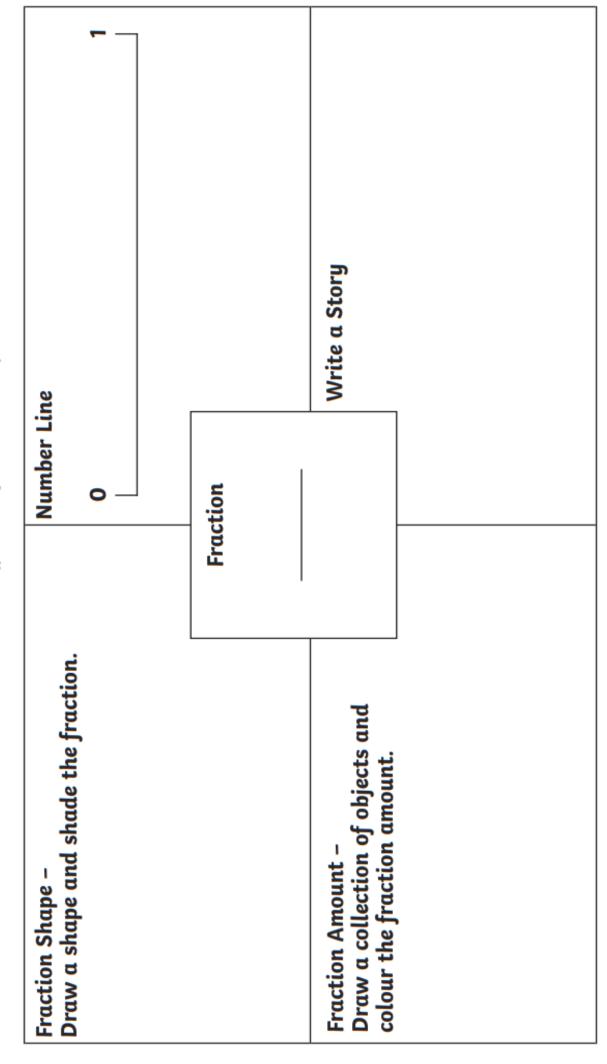


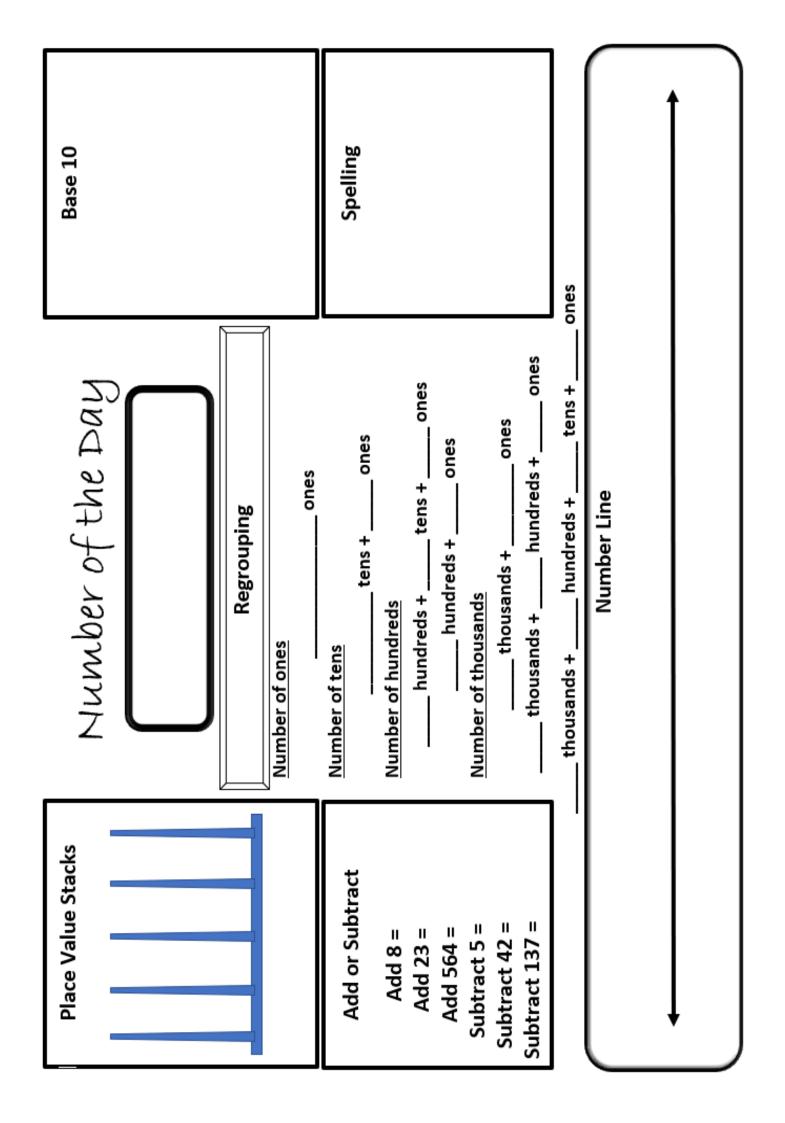
#### Remember

When you halve a shape, you split it into two **equal** parts. When you quarter a shape, you split it into four **equal** parts.

# Fractions Think Board

In each section, show different ways to represent a fraction.





# Activity 9: Addition Strategies

Have a go at solving the problems using the strategies OR write the steps out with Mr Walter of the steps to each strategy by yourself (without Mr Walter's help). These numbers are different to the numbers on the videos.

#### http://mrw1.weebly.com/

Duides to 40		Davids a	5 ± Q
Bridge to 10	6 + 7	Doubles	5 + 8
Compensation	9 + 6	Partitioning	7 + 8
Split	47 + 25	Jump	58 + 34
- Cpiii		Camp	
	02 + 20		72 + 50
Compensation	83 + 28	Reconfiguring	72 + 58

Split	481 + 385
	E72 + 204
Jump	573 + 294
Compensation	578 + 216
Dana di manin n	233 + 186
Reconfiguring	233 + 100
Non-standard Partitioning	670 + 500

# Thursday



#### **Activity 1: Reading**

Online: PM Reader online: <a href="https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login">https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login</a>;

OR

ReadTheory if you are reading at Independent level: <a href="https://readtheory.org/auth/login">https://readtheory.org/auth/login</a>

Paper: Read a book aloud

# Activity 2: Misery Guts - Reading

Read the chapter yourself or follow the words as you listen to the audio book (check the link):

Chapter 3:

https://ed.ted.com/on/RLuL4K9d

## Activity 3: Misery Guts - Comprehension

Write a summary for Chapter 3 (explain what happen	ed in the chapter in 1 or 2 ser	ntences):
Chapter 3 summary:		
Explain how you have tried to cheer someone up:		

# Activity 4: Vocabulary



#### Word Cline

<b>Complete</b> the word cline below, starting with the word happy, and filling in the blanks, adding mo complex and interesting words as you move up the cline.	re
mad	

# Activity 5: Sentence Writing

Today you will write your sentences about a beveridge (drink):

#### Example:

Simple	I really like milk.
Compound	I really like milk because it's cold and delicious.
Complex	I really like milk, which is healthy, because it's cold and delicious.

#### Now it's your turn:

Simple	
Simple	
Commound	
Compound	
Complex	
•	

Extension: write a new clause for your complex sentence and rewrite your whole sentence below.
Activity 6: Grammar and Punctuation
<u>Commas</u>
**Today's focus point: using commas to separate items in a list
<b>EDIT:</b> Add the commas to the sentence below. Don't forget to include capital letters and full stops where necessary –
some of mr walter's favourite school supplies are pencils
rubbers scissors and rulers
Write your own sentence on the lines below. Remember: use the word 'and' to separate the last two items in your list (and use appropriate capital letters and full stops) –
,

# Activity 7: Number of the Day

Complete the Number of the Day page (see separate sheet). Today's number (choose one):

47

or

147

or

5047

or

65 047

10 less	100 less	1000 less	Total number of tens	Total number of thousands	ır Story	
The Table	Survey of the tang		Expanded Notation		+) Number Story	
		lore			Number Sentences (using different operations + - x ÷)	
10 more	100 more	1000 more	Total number of ones	Total number of hundreds	Number Senten	

# Activity 8: Subtraction Strategies



Have a go at solving the problems using the strategies OR write the steps out with Mr Walter (go to the link below):

#### http://mrw1.weebly.com/

Back Through 10 15 - 8	Up Through 10 15 - 9
	10.0
Fact Families 14 - 9	Think Addition 16 - 9
Think Addition (2 digit) 54 - 47	Jump (2 digit) 88 - 56
Compensation (2 digit) 87 - 63	Reconfiguring (2 digit) 78 - 39

Jump	478 - 284
Commonation	489 - 265
Compensation	409 - 203
<b>.</b>	77E 400
Reconfiguring	775 - 428
	400 000
Non-standard Partitioning	460 - 283
	007 045
Think Addition	327 - 245

# Activity 9: Time

Online: StudyLadder – log in and complete the Time activity in the pod

Paper: Complete the following activity



#### How Many Minutes Have Passed?

There are 60 seconds in one minute and 60 minutes in one hour. When trying to tell the time, we often refer to the clock

in quadrants

When the minute hand points to the 12, it indicates the start of a new hour. We use the term 'O'clock' to describe this

When the minute hand points to the 3, it indicates that 15 minutes have passed. We call this 'quarter past' because 15 minutes is a quarter of one hour (or 60 minutes)

The clock The jump

When the minute hand points to the 6, it indicates that 30 minutes have passed. We call this 'half past' because 30 minutes is half of one hour (or 60 minutes)

Each clock has 4 smaller lines that sit between the enlarged numbers (1-12). These show the minutes in jumps of one

The enlarged numbers (1-12) represent intervals of 5 minutes. They are usually indicated with larger lines

When the minute hand points to the 9, it indicates that 45 minutes have passed. However, because it is only 15 minutes until the next hour, we call it 'quarter to'



quarter past

: 15



half past

: 30



quarter to

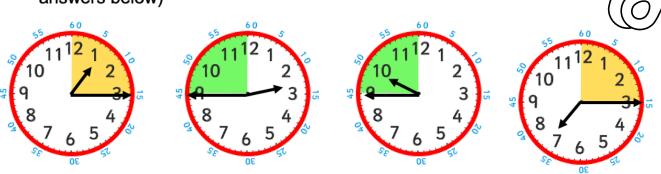
: 45



o'clock

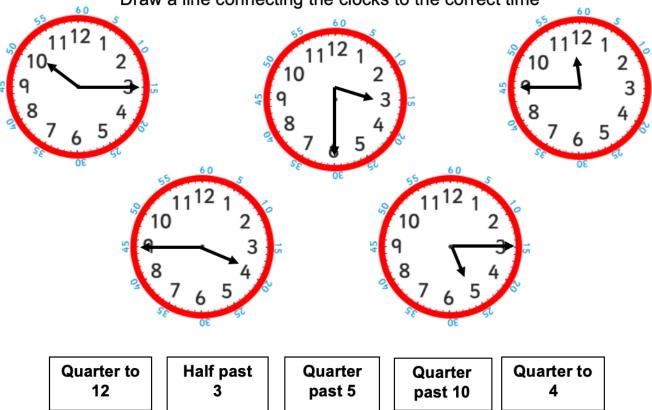
:00

Are these clocks showing 'quarter to' or 'quarter past'? (write your answers below)



- If the minute hand starts at 12, it takes ...... minutes to get to quarter past?
- If the minute hand starts at 12, it takes ...... minutes to get to quarter to?
- If the minute hand starts at 12, it takes ...... minutes to get to half past?

Draw a line connecting the clocks to the correct time



Extension: convert these times to the digital clock format, i.e., 12:30

## Activity 10: Mindfulness

#### Meditation

#### **Smiling Mind meditation**

Listen to this Smiling Mind meditation video (2 minutes), "Anchor your mind with movement": <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=buPuB4Sa0zU">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=buPuB4Sa0zU</a>

If you don't have access to YouTube, here is the transcript from the meditation video. Ask an adult to read it to you in a calm, slow voice while you follow the instructions.
\*Tip: play some relaxing music in the background for best results.

"Meditation is not only about sitting down. We can also use movement as a fun way to bring us into the present moment. For this practice, you'll need to stand up and make sure you have some space around you. Let your arms fall by your side and gently close your eyes.

Imagine that you are a big, tall tree. The tallest tree you can think of. Let's imagine the wind is gently blowing around your tree. With your feet glued to the ground, let your body slowly sway from side to side. As you're swaying in the wind, you notice that the wind is beginning to blow more strongly. Your branches are starting to shake up and down in the wind, shaking your hands, arms, and shoulders. If your mind becomes distracted, just keep shaking your body...

The wind is quietening down now. Your tree is becoming still. Your body is becoming still. Take two deep breaths to help calm yourself.

Notice how your body feels now. As we come to the end of the practice, remember, whenever your mind starts to take over, you can reconnect by focusing on the body. Gently open your eyes now, and continue with your day."

#### **Optional:**

How do you feel after completing this activity?

# Friday



#### **Activity 1: Reading**

Online: PM Reader online: <a href="https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login">https://app.pmecollection.com.au/login</a>;

OR

ReadTheory if you are reading at Independent level: <a href="https://readtheory.org/auth/login">https://readtheory.org/auth/login</a>

Paper: Read a book aloud

# Activity 2: Misery Guts - Reading

Read the next chapter yourself or follow the words as you listen to the audio book (check the link):

Chapter 4:

https://ed.ted.com/on/K19npFec

#### Activity 3: Misery Guts - Comprehension

#### **Understanding Words**

Draw a picture to show you understand the meaning of each word. Make sure you check the meaning in the book; you may need to research the word.

lorry	cod	pounds	phone box
quid	aattaa	pocket organizer	alinhaard
quid	settee	pocket organiser	clipboard

#### Activity 4: Vocabulary



#### Word Work

- DRAW a picture which shows you understand what the word means
- WRITE a definition (meaning) in your own words, NOT copied from a dictionary. You can use a dictionary to help you understand the word but you need to explain what it means in your own words. Remember, a definition is not an example (don't say, "It's like when . . .")
- WRITE a sentence which shows you understand the word. Don't write "I don't know what *definition* means".
- WRITE other words built from the root word. A good way to start is to add 's', 'ed' or 'ing'. Say the new word in a sentence to check that it makes sense. Challenge can you add prefixes to the root word?

# Activity 5: Editing

Add the full stops and capital letters to the following passage. Read the passage aloud so you can hear where the full stops belong. When you have edited, read the passage again, pausing where you have added your full stops. Check your editing makes sense.

There are 4 full stops (add these first).

There are 7 capital letters.

he thought he'd ring up a circus and invite them to tea on sunday not a whole circus, just some jugglers and clowns and a baby elephant he remembered mum was allergic to straw then keith's bedroom door creaked open and someone came into the room

# Activity 6: Numbers in our World



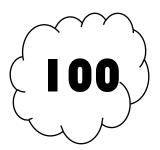
Think about all the <u>different</u> ways you could show this number, then write, draw or explain them.

#### Example:

#### **21** is

- odd
- 2 tens and 1 ones
- twenty one
- 3 x 7

- o made up of factors being 1, 21, 3, 7
- a composite number
- two longs and a one
- 21 candles on a cake (draw)



# Activity 7: Mass

Online: StudyLadder – log in and complete the Angles activity in the pod

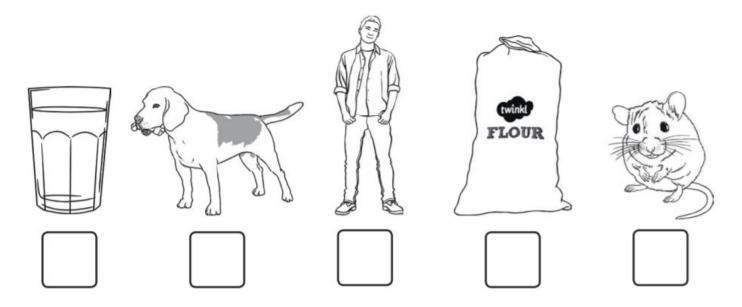
Activities - <a href="https://ictgames.com/mobilePage/mostlyPostie/index.html">https://ictgames.com/mobilePage/mostlyPostie/index.html</a>

https://www.topmarks.co.uk/ordering-and-sequencing/coconut-ordering

Paper: Complete the following activity.

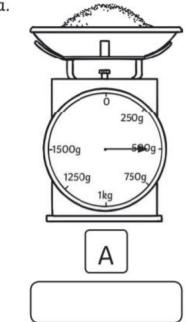
#### Ordering and Recording

Use numbers 1-5 to order these objects from the lightest to the heaviest.

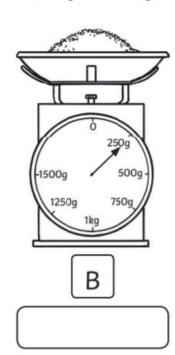


Look at the scales and record the mass of each object in grams.

α.



b.



C.

	77	
	0	250g
1500	)g †	500g -
11	50g	750g
	1kg	
		7
_		

d. Order the above scales from lightest to heaviest.

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**Extension activity –** Have a go at the questions below. Remember to show your working out.



Theresa bought a bunch of bananas. The mass of the bananas is 4kg. Rebecca also bought some bananas. The mass of her bunch is 250 grams heavier. What is
the mass of Rebecca's bunch of bananas? Show your working.
Christopher went and collected 3kg worth of lollies for his party. His party
guests ate a total mass of 1000 grams. What is the mass of lollies Christopher
has left after his party? Show your working.